

of Atlanta Facebook Group Babywearing International



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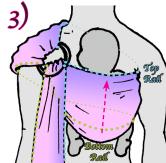


How to use your ring sling

basics) Newborn ringsling 'classic'



somorofox w



3) Find the top rail* of the fabric bunched under baby and pull it up over baby's back while holding the bottom rail in place under their knees, along with any excess bunched

Newborns need the wrap up to their neck. Older babies (of an age that you would naturally pick them up under their armpits) can have the top rail pulled up to their armpit level with their arms outside of the sling.

All extra fabric should be bunched under baby's knees. Baby's knees should be higher than their bum in a gentle, natural ' shape. Their knees and bum should all be equally supported by the fabric like a

hammock. "top rail" is the edge that extends from the inside edge of the rings, around the top of your back, behind baby's neck, and down the inside of the tail nearest to baby. The "bottom rail" is the edge that goes around the wearer's arm, under baby's knees and to the outside of the tail away from baby



4) To finish tightening the sling, use your hand opposite the ring side to lift baby's weight up off the sling and your ring-side hand to pull the top rail horizontally behind baby's neck. Pulling straight down can cause the fabric to bunch in the rings. Ideally, the top rail should end up completely horizontal from the rings to your opposite armpit.

If needed, the middle of the tail can be tightened to snug up the fabric supporting baby's lower back and bum. The outside edge of the tail can be pulled straight down to tighten up the edge under baby's knees if needed, but using this method, this should rarely be needed.

A properly tightened sling should be hands-free, holding baby vertically and snugly against the wearer.

few easy adjustments.

group. Discomfort while wearing is often fixable with a take a mirror selfie and post it to an online babywearing It you can't find a local babywearing group,

possible to avoid discoloring your sling. the tabric than powdered. Avoid optical brighteners it the rings too easily. Liquid detergents are better for coat the fabric and can cause the fabric to slip through Bleach will damage the tibers and tabric softeners will Never use bleach or fabric softener on your ring sling!

rings, or even just sitting on it!

steam ironing, running it back and forth through the It your sling is still new and stift, you can soften it by

panging around in the dryer.

the rings before tumble drying to keep the rings from bag and wash on cold. Put a clean dry sock over To wash your sling, put it inside a pillowcase or laundry





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your baby should draw be been in a context should adverge to a context should adverge the year of the context should adverge the year of the context should all does a context should adverge the year of the context should be context should be adverge to the year of th breathing and pull on your back. TIGHT – slings and carriers should be tight enough to hug your baby close to you as this will be most comfortable for you bath. Any slack/loose fabric will allow your baby to slump down in the carrier which can hinder their Preathing and hull on your back. ХОРРОВТЕР ВАСК ▲ CLOSE ENOUGH TO KISS SAMIT JJA TA WAIV NI 🗸 When you're wearing a sling or carrier, don't forget the T.I.C.K.S. Keep your baby close and keep your baby safe.

A body in a cradie carry in a pouch with a point of the p

their turmmy and cheat are against you. If a sling is too loose they can slump which can partially close their alnway. (This can be tested by placing a hand on your

close to the weater so their back is supported in its natural position and Close to the weater so their back is supported in its natural position and

owaka a sbace of at least a fluger width under your bapk's chin. Is forced onto their chest as this can reshirt their breathing. Ensure there is **KEEP CHIN OLF IME CHEST –** a papk shorid never be cruled so their chin

to kizs horr baby on the head or forehead. Chin as is comfortable. By tipping your head forward you should be able able and the should be able to baby's head should be as close to your

The T.I.C.K.S. Rule for Safe Babywearing





1) Start with rings on your shoulder, with the fabric spread across your back. Bring the tail up through the rings, then down over the 1st ring and under the 2nd ring.

*Work your thumbs under the fabric over the first ring and use your index fingers to walk the fabric from one hand to the other hand to straighten it out, making sure the edge along the top of the pouch continues to the inside edge of the tail, and the bottom edge of the pouch is on the outside edge of the tail. Then pull the tail down little by little (working from one edge to the other) to tighten up the loose slack over the rings where your thumbs were.

Position the rings just below your collarbone and spread the shoulder fabric out to cap the top of vour arm.

*This process is called "finger walking" and can be repeated any time the fabric gets bunched up and won't tighten properly.

Pull gently on the tail to make the "pouch" where baby will be snug against your body. Do not feel the need to leave a lot of room for baby. Simply bunch the whole pouch up together and tighten until it is snug, but pulled as low as baby's bum will be.

Place baby onto the sling, with the fabric tucked under their knees. Their legs should be spread into a natural M shape. Newborns should be centered high on your chest. As they get older they can be moved off center, and babies who can sit unassisted can be placed all the way over onto your hip. Regardless of age, baby should be high enough to kiss the top of their head without having to strain.

Take this opportunity to move any loose fabric around your back, under baby's bum and toward the rings. Pull the tail down so that the bunched fabric is snug under their knees.



